\*,/

6

## **Unit 3: Family Letter**



Multiplication and Division; Number Sentences and Algebra

One of our goals in the coming weeks is to finish memorizing the multiplication facts for single-digit numbers. To help students master the facts, they will play several math games. Ask your child to teach you one of the games described in the *Student Reference Book*, and play a few rounds together.

The class will also take a series of 50-facts tests for multiplication.

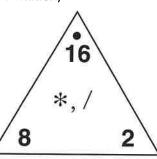
Because correct answers are counted only up to the first mistake (and not counted thereafter), your child may at first receive a low score. If this happens, don't be alarmed. Before long, scores will improve dramatically. Help your child set a realistic goal for the next test, and discuss what can be done to meet that goal.

Your child will use Multiplication/Division Fact Triangles to review the relationship between multiplication and division. (For example,  $4 \times 5 = 20$ , so  $20 \div 5 = 4$  and  $20 \div 4 = 5$ .) You can use the triangles to quiz your child on the basic facts and test your child's progress.

In this unit, alternative symbols for multiplication and division are introduced. An asterisk (\*) may be substituted for the traditional  $\times$  symbol, as in 4\*5=20. A slash (/) may be used in place of the traditional  $\div$  symbol, as in 20/4=5.

In Unit 3, the class will continue the World Tour, a yearlong project in which the students travel to a number of different countries. Their first flight will take them to Cairo, Egypt. These travels serve as background for many interesting activities in which students look up numerical information, analyze this information, and solve problems.

Finally, the class will have its first formal introduction to solving equations in algebra. (Informal activities with missing numbers in number stories have been built into the program since first grade.) Formal introduction to algebra in fourth grade may surprise you, because algebra is usually regarded as a high school subject. However, an early start in algebra is integral to the *Everyday Mathematics* philosophy.



Please keep this Family Letter for reference as your child works through Unit 3.



## **Vocabulary**

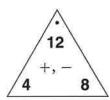
Important terms in Unit 3:

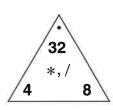
**dividend** In division, the number that is being divided. For example, in  $35 \div 5 = 7$ , the dividend is 35.

**divisor** In division, the number that divides another number. For example, in  $35 \div 5 = 7$ , the divisor is 5.

**Fact family** A set of related arithmetic facts linking two inverse operations. For example, 4 + 8 = 12, 8 + 4 = 12, 12 - 4 = 8, and 12 - 8 = 4 is an addition/subtraction fact family, and 4 \* 8 = 32, 8 \* 4 = 32, 32/4 = 8, and 32/8 = 4 is a multiplication/division fact family.

**Fact Triangle** A triangular flash card labeled with the numbers of a *fact family* that students can use to practice addition/subtraction or multiplication/division facts.





**factor** One of two or more numbers that are multiplied to give a product. For example, 4 \* 1.5 = 6; so 6 is the product, and 4 and 1.5 are the factors. See also *factor* of a counting number n.

**factor of a counting number** n A counting number whose product with some other counting number equals n. For example, 2 and 3 are factors of 6 because 2 \* 3 = 6. But 4 is not a factor of 6 because 4 \* 1.5 = 6 and 1.5 is not a counting number.

**multiple of a number** *n* A product of *n* and a counting number. The multiples of 7, for example, are 7, 14, 21, 28, and so on.

**number sentence** Two numbers or expressions separated by a relation symbol  $(=, >, <, \ge, \le, \text{ or } \ne)$ . Most number sentences also contain at least one operation symbol  $(+, -, \times, *, \cdot, \div, /)$ . Number sentences may also have grouping symbols, such as parentheses.

**open sentence** A *number sentence* in which one or more *variables* hold the places of missing numbers. For example, 5 + x = 13 is an open sentence.

**percent** (%) Per hundred, or out of a hundred. For example, "48% of the students in the school are boys" means that, on average, 48 out of every 100 students in the school are boys;  $48\% = \frac{48}{100} = 0.48$ 

**product** The result of multiplying two numbers called *factors*. For example, in 4 \* 3 = 12, the product is 12.

**quotient** The result of dividing one number by another number. For example, in  $35 \div 5 = 7$ , the quotient is 7.

**square number** A number that is the product of a counting number and itself. For example, 25 is a square number because 25 = 5 \* 5. The square numbers are 1, 4, 9, 16, 25, and so on.

**variable** A letter or other symbol that represents a number. A variable can represent one specific number. For example, in the number sentence 5 + n = 9, only n makes the sentence true. A variable may also stand for many different numbers. For example, x + 2 < 10 is true if x is any number less than 8. And in the equation a + 3 = 3 + a, a stands for all numbers.

"What's My Rule?" problem A type of problem that asks for a rule for relating two sets of numbers. Also, a type of problem that asks for one of the sets of numbers, given a rule and the other set of numbers.

Rule	
×8	

in	out
6	48
10	80
3	
	56
	64

## As You Help Your Child with Homework

As your child brings assignments home, you may want to go over the instructions together, clarifying them as necessary. The answers listed below will guide you through some of the Study Links in this unit.

### Study Link 3.1

- **1.** 60, 230, 110, 280, 370
- **2.** 110, 80, 310, 240, 390
- **3.** 34, 675, 54; +46
- 4. 9, 50, 420; ×7
- **5.** 2, 400, 2,000
- 6. Answers vary.

- **7.** 115
- **8.** 612
- 9.1,440

### Study Link 3.2

- **2.** 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 9, 12, 18, 36 **3.** 1, 16; 2, 8; 4, 4

- 4.56
- **5.** Sample answer: 4, 8, 12, 16
- **7.** 388

Study Link 3.3

## **8.** 765

- 1.24
- 2.54
- **3.** 28
- 4.16

- **5.** 45
- **6.** 18
- **7.** 40
- 8.25

- 9.48
- **11.** 1, 2, 3, 6, 9, 18

### Study Link 3.4

- 1.6
- **2.** 8
- **3.** 6
- 4.3

- **6.** 20; 5
- **7.** 18; 6
- 8.49; 7
- 9.9:2

- **10.** 7; 5
- **11.** 7; 4
- **12.** Sample answer: 10, 15, 20, 25
- **13.** 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, 24

### Study Link 3.5

- **1.** 5
- **2.** 7
- **3.** 72
- 4.10

- **5.** 32
- **15.** 1,646
- **16.** 5,033

**17.** 289

Copyright © Wright Group/McGraw-Hill

**18.** 1,288

### Study Link 3.6

- 3. a. T
- 4. about 128,921 miles; 132,000 - 3,079 = 128,921
- 5. a. 4
- **6.** 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 12
- **7.** Sample answers: 16, 24, 32, 40

### Study Link 3.7

	Cities	Real Distance (miles)	
1.	Cape Town and Durban	4	800
2.	Durban and Pretoria	1 <del>3</del> 4	350
3.	Cape Town and Johannesburg	4	800
4.	Johannesburg and Queenstown	2	400
5.	East London and Upington	2 <u>1</u>	500
6.	and	Answer	s vary.

### Study Link 3.8

- **1.** 659 457 = 202; 202
- **2.** 1,545 + 2,489 = 4,034; 4034
- **3.** 700 227 = 473; 473
- **4.** 1,552 1,018 = 534; 534
- **5.** 624 + 470 + 336 = 1,430; 1,430 **6.** 9
- **7.** 6, 12, 18, 24, 30, 36, 42, 48, 54, 60

### Study Link 3.9

- **1.** F
- 2. F
- 3. T
- 4. T

- **5.** F
- **6.** T
- **7.** T
- 8. ?

- **11. b.** 7 \* 8 = 56
- **12.** 36, 60, 84; +12
- **13.** 54, 216, 324; +54

### Study Link 3.10

- 1.27
- **2.** 33
- **3.** 1
- 4.24

- **5.** 37
- **6.** 8
- 7. 3 \* (6 + 4) = 30
- **8.** 15 = (20/4) + 10
- **9.** 7 + (7 \* 3) = 4 \* 7
- **10.** 9 \* 6 = (20 + 7) \* 2
- **11.**  $72 \div 9 = (2 * 3) + (18 \div 9)$

**12.**  $35 \div (42 \div 6) = (10 - 6) + 1$ 

13.?

- 14.?
- **15.** F
- 16. T
- 17. F
- 18. T



## "What's My Rule?"



Complete the "What's My Rule?" tables and state the rules.

1.	in →
	Rule
	Add 40
1	out

jin	out
20	
190	
70	
240	
330	

out
50
20
250
180
330

3.	Rule:	in	out
		131	177
			80
		104	150
		629	
			100

in	out
70	490
	63
	350
20	140
60	

### **Try This**

5. Rule: There are 20 nickels in \$1.00.

dollars	nickels			
3	60			
	40			
5	100			
20				
100				

6. Create your own.

Rule: \_\_\_\_\_

out

in



## **Multiplication Facts**





1. Complete the Multiplication/Division Facts Table below.

*,/	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1						6				
2										
3	3		9							
4		8								
5										
6										
7		14								
8										
9										
10										

2. List all the factors of 36.

3. List the factor pairs of 16. \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_

4. Name the *product* of 8 and 7.

**5.** Name four *multiples* of 4. \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_

**Practice** 

Copyright @ Wright Group/McGraw-Hill

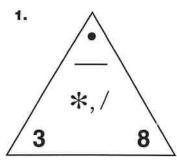
**7.** \_\_\_\_\_ = 
$$630 - 242$$
 **8.**  $1,462 - 697 =$ 



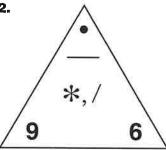
## **Fact Triangles**

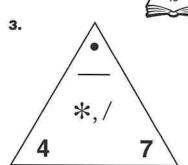


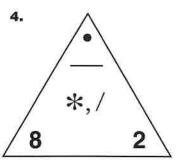
Complete these Multiplication/Division Fact Triangles.



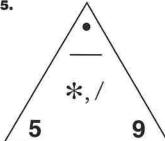
2.



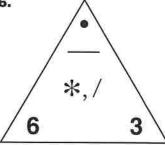




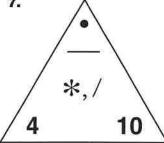
5.



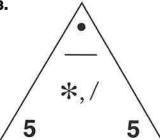
6.



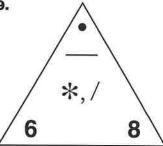
7.



8.



9.



- **10.** Name 4 multiples of 7. \_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_
- 11. List all the factors of 18.
- 12. Name the product of 9 and 6.
- 13. List all the factor pairs of 20.

and	and	and
,		und

# STUDY LINK **3+4**

## **Mystery Numbers**



Find the mystery numbers.

**1.** I am thinking of a mystery number. If I multiply it by 4, the answer is 24. What is the number?



- 2. I am thinking of another number. If I multiply it by 3, the answer is 24. What is the number?
- What is the number?

4. If I multiply 7 by a number, I get 21.

What is the number?

**3.** I multiplied a number by itself and got 36.

- **5.** Write your own mystery number problem.

Fill in the missing numbers.

- **12.** Name 4 multiples of 5. \_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 13. List all the factors of 24.

## STUDY LINK 3.5

## **Missing Numbers**



Complete each fact by filling in the missing numbers.
Use the Multiplication/Division Facts Table to help you.



### **Try This**

*,/	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
2	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
3	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30
4	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40
5	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
6	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60
7	7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56	63	70
8	8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72	80
9	9	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	81	90
10	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100

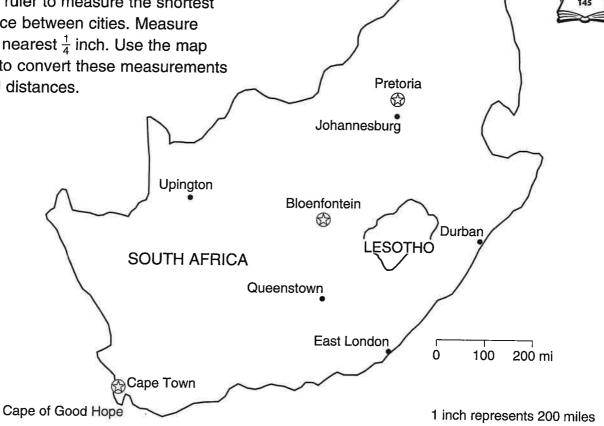
## **Number Stories about Egypt**



				$\overline{}$		
1.		The Nile in Africa is about 4,160 miles long. The Huang River in Asia is about 800 miles shorter than the Nile. How long is the Huang River?				
	Number mo	odel:	About	_ miles		
2.		he Suez Canal links the Mediterranean and Red Seas. It is 103 miles long and was pened in 1869. For how many years has the Suez Canal been open?				
6	Number mo	odel:	years			
3.	03.	as about 3,079 miles of railroad. The United States has about 132,000 miles ad. How many fewer miles of railroad does Egypt have than the United States?				
	Number mo	odel:	About	_ miles		
4.		tion of Cairo, the capital of Egypt, is about 10,83- tion of Washington, D.C., is about 563,000.	4,000.			
		false? About $10\frac{1}{2}$ million more people airo than in Washington, D.C.				
	<b>b.</b> Explain	how you solved the problem.				
	\(\frac{1}{2}\)					
	=					
	Try This					
5.	The area of Egypt is about 386,700 square miles. The area of Wyoming is about 97,818 square miles.					
	a. Egypt is about how many times as large as Wyoming?					
	<b>b.</b> Explain how you solved the problem.					
	÷					
	<del></del>					
	Practice					
6.	List all the factors of 12.					
_	Nama 4 mu	ultiples of 9				

## **Map Scale**

Here is a map of South Africa. Use a ruler to measure the shortest distance between cities. Measure to the nearest  $\frac{1}{4}$  inch. Use the map scale to convert these measurements to real distances.



	Cities	Measurement on Map (inches)	Real Distance (miles)
1.	Cape Town and Durban		
2.	Durban and Pretoria		
3.	Cape Town and Johannesburg		
4.	Johannesburg and Queenstown		
5.	East London and Upington		
6.	and		



## **Addition and Subtraction Number Stories**



1.	In 1896, the United Kingdom had the largest na France had the second-largest navy with 457 stenth with only 95 ships. How many more ships than France?	hips. The United States	s was
	(number model)	Answer:	more ships
2.	(number model)  Rhode Island, the smallest state in the United St miles. The area of the second-smallest state, D What is the combined area of these two states?	elaware, is 2,489 squar	•
		Answer:	square miles
	(number model)	Allswell	square miles
3.	A polar bear can weigh as much as 700 kilogra weigh as much as 227 kilograms. How much man American black bear?		
		Answer:	kilograms more
	(number model)		
4.	The Pacific leatherback turtle's maximum weight in Atlantic leatherback turtle's maximum weight in the difference between the turtles' weights?	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	4	Answer:	pounds
	(number model)		
5. According to the National Register of Historic Places, New York City has the most historic places in the United States with 624 sites. Philadelphia is second with 470 sites, and Washington, D.C., is third with 336 sites. How many historic sites are there in these three cities?			
	(number model)	Answer:	historic sites
	Practice		
6.	The numbers 81, 27, and 45 are multiples of _	<u>;</u>	
7	Liet the first ten multiples of 6		

## **Number Sentences**



Next to each number sentence, write T if it is true, F if it is false, or? if you can't tell.



**7.** 
$$100 - 5 = 95$$
 \_\_\_\_

## **Parentheses in Number Sentences**



Write the missing number to make each number sentence true.

**1.** 
$$(45 / 5) * 3 =$$

**3.** 
$$(20 \div 4) \div 5 =$$

**5.** \_\_\_\_\_ = 
$$(25 / 5) + (8 * 4)$$
 **6.**  $(33 + 7) / (3 + 2) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Insert parentheses ( ) to make each number sentence true.

7. 
$$3*6+4=30$$

**8.** 
$$15 = 20/4 + 10$$

**9.** 
$$7 + 7 * 3 = 4 * 7$$

**10.** 
$$9*6 = 20 + 7*2$$

### **Try This**

Insert two sets of parentheses to make each number sentence true.

**11.** 
$$72 \div 9 = 2 * 3 + 18 \div 9$$

**12.** 
$$35 \div 42 \div 6 = 10 - 6 + 1$$

Write T if it is true, F if it is false, or? if you can't tell.

**15.** 
$$30 = 1 + (4 * 6)$$

**15.** 
$$30 = 1 + (4 * 6)$$
 **16.**  $(4 * 6) + 13 = 47 - 10$  **11.**

**17.** 
$$15 > (7 * 6) * (10 - 9)$$

**17.** 
$$15 > (7*6)*(10-9)$$
 **18.**  $20 < (64 \div 8)*(12 \div 4)$  ———

# STUDY LINK 3.11

## **Open Sentences**



Write T if the number sentence is true and F if the number sentence is false.



**4.** 
$$49 - (7 \times 7) = 0$$

Make a true number sentence by filling in the missing number.

7. 
$$(3 \times 8) \div 6 =$$

Make a true number sentence by inserting parentheses.

**9.** 
$$4 * 2 + 10 = 18$$

**10.** 
$$16 = 16 - 8 * 2$$

**11.** 
$$27/9/3 = 1$$

**12.** 
$$27/9/3 = 9$$

Find the solution of each open sentence below. Write a number sentence with the solution in place of the variable. Check to see whether the number sentence is true.

**Example:** 6 + x = 14

Solution: 8

Number sentence: 6 + 8 = 14

Open	CON	ton	000
ODELL	3CI	ILCI	ILE

### Solution

**Number sentence** 

**13.** 
$$12 + x = 32$$

**14.** 
$$s = 200 - 3$$

**15.** 5 \* y = 40

**16.** 
$$7 = x/4$$